# River Wandle In Sutton

### A rich history on the Riverbank

The Wandle rises in two places, Waddon in the Borough of Croydon, and Carshalton in the Borough of Sutton. It flows through Merton down to the Thames at Wandsworth. Once upon a time it was a peaceful chalk stream in open country, meandering past grand estates and pretty villages. Its fast flow, however, was ideal for watermills, which developed throughout its 12 mile length, and by the nineteenth century it had become one the hardest worked rivers in the country. Along the Sutton stretch of the Wandle there were many historic buildings, gardens and mills, some of which can still be seen to this day. A selection is described here.

### Springs and water courses



The springhead by Carshalton House lake was the other main source of the Wandle. The house is now part of St Philomena's School. The lake and surrounding garden have had a complicated history but their present form date from the mid-18th century when they were reshaped to create the landscape shown here.

Carshalton High Street in the

1880s by William Tatton Winter.

Carshalton Park ran in a stream

along the side of the High Street.

village of watercourses. Although

some like the High Stream have

gone Carshalton still has more

when all the springs rise after a

very wet winter.

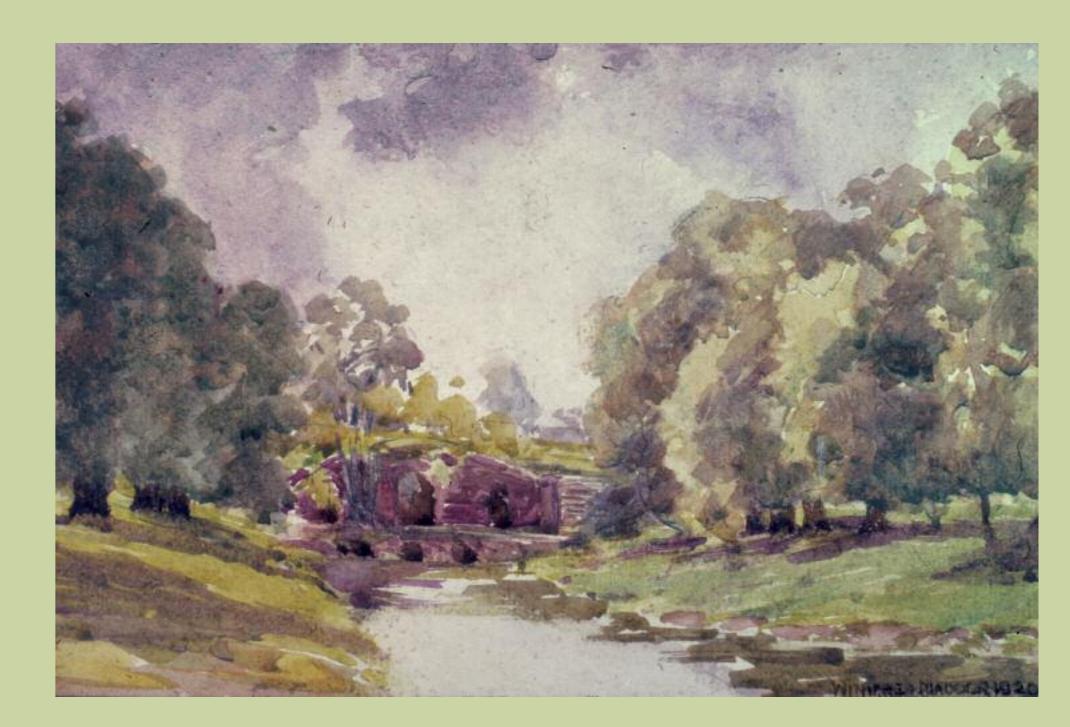
water than most places especially

In the past Carshalton was a

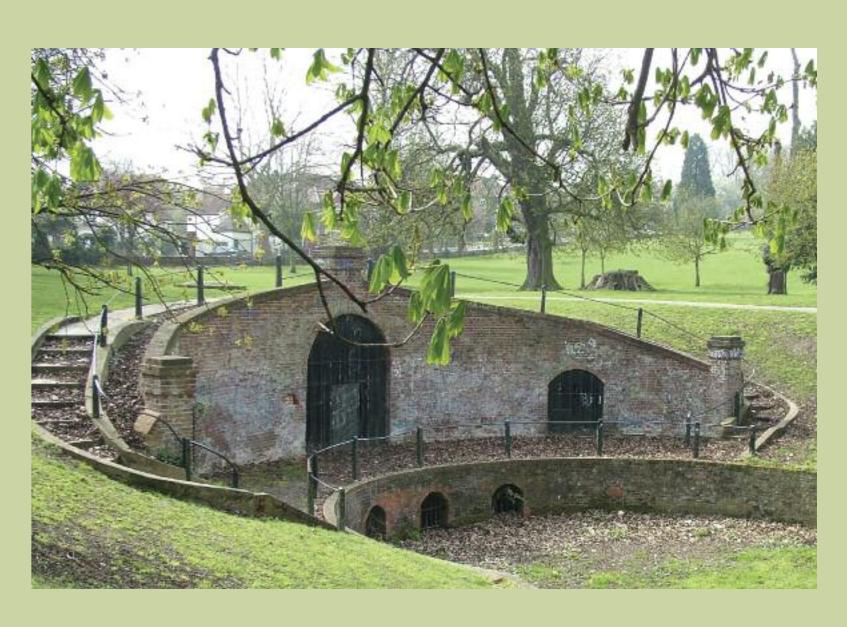
Some of the water from

The Carshalton Park grotto. This was built by Thomas Scawen as part of the landscape around a very grand house which was never completed. The grotto was covered with glass waste, sea shells, fake red coral and other material so it was originally a sparkling fairy tale structure. By the time this was taken – perhaps in the 1880s or 1890s – it was a ruin.

The Grotto



The Grotto Canal by Winifred Madder, 1920. The Carshalton Wandle has several sources including the Grotto Canal in Carshalton Park. In the past this was always full of water.



The Grotto today. Part of the park was eventually acquired by Carshalton Council. Children were climbing up the ruin and the Council though this dangerous so the structure was refaced in 1915 to produce its modern appearance.



The water from the into the **Westcroft** 



was then larger and came right down to the

still stands in Bookside near The Square.

High Street. The Orangery in the background

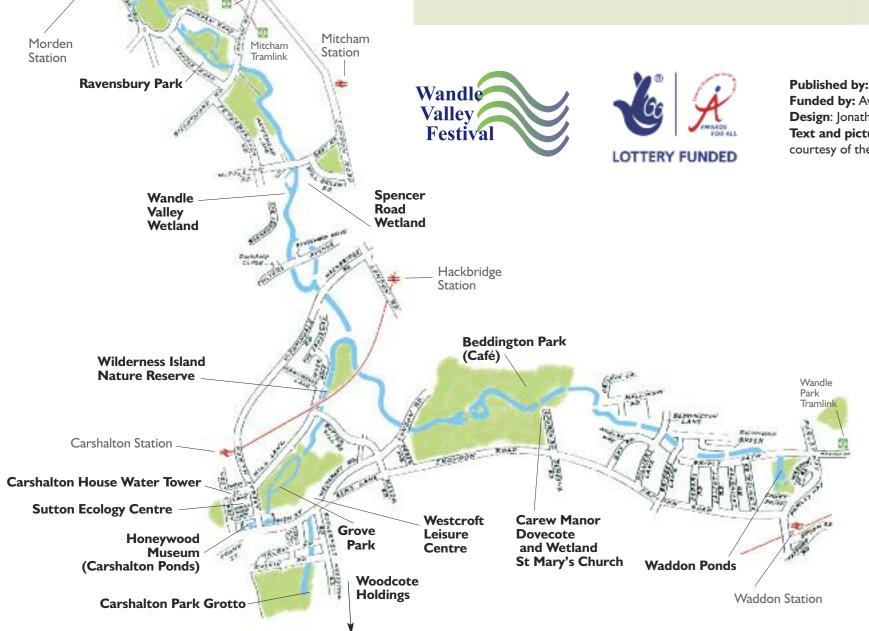
Margaret's Pool about 1880. This pool is at the corner of West Street and Pound Street. It was once part of the West Street ford and became a separate pond when that was filled. In the 1870s John Ruskin had the pond tidied up and decorated with rocks from the Lake District. However, he soon lost interest in the project.



The Water Tower and West Street ford by Gideon Yates, 1825. In the early 19th century the water from Carshalton House flowed through the tower and then spilled over West Street forming a long ford.



The Water Tower in the grounds of Carshalton House dates from the around 1715-20. It was built for the financier Sir John Fellowes who was sub-governor of the notorious South Sea Company which was at the centre one of the first speculative bubbles. It housed a fine cold bath, a water driven pump and an orangery



The Grove Iron Works Mill.

opposite Mill Lane on the site

This stood near the Wandle

of the Paper Mill Close. It

was powered by water from

the Westcroft Canal. When

first built in the 1780s the

mill was used for grinding

tobacco into snuff. It later

specialising in mill machinery.

became an iron works

Grotto Canal ran Canal which still exists by the Westcroft Sports Centre although is now normally dry.

Dame Duffin's Cottage and Anne Boleyn's Well by 'WJT', 1897. This is copied from an earlier picture as Dame Duffin's Cottage was demolished in 1836. The circular fence guards a spring called Anne Boleyn's Well. This is almost certainly a corruption of Bullen Well – that is bubbling well.

## The Water Tower



for over wintering plants.